

## **ET BAC Recombination Protocol** (modified from Stewart lab)

\*pBAD $\alpha$  $\beta$  $\gamma$  was obtained from the Stewart lab and is Amp resistant.

\*\* the plasmid containing the GFP-Kan fusion was obtained from the Raible lab (pCRII EGFP frt Kan frt)

\*\*\* Stewart lab ET-recombination references:

- 1) [Rapid modification of bacterial artificial chromosomes by ET-recombination.](#)  
Nucleic Acids Res. 1999 Mar 15;27(6):1555-7.
- 2) [A new logic for DNA engineering using recombination in Escherichia coli.](#)  
Nat Genet. 1998 Oct;20(2):123-8.

### **OLIGOS**

Oligos were designed using a 48 bp region of homology to the gene of interest.

GFP oligo: The forward oligo included promoter + the first 10 codons of the gene (including the ATG). The 3' end of the oligo contained 22 bp of GFP sequence starting with ATG. (GFP sequence used: 5'-ATG GTG AGC AAG GGC GAG GAG C-3')

Kan oligo: The reverse oligo included a 48 bp region of homology to the gene of interest that was approximately 1000bp downstream of the ATG (when possible) + 19 bp of the Kan sequence. (Kan sequence used: 5'-CTT TGC CAC GGA ACG GTC T-3')

### **OLIGO Purification**

- 1) Order oligos at the 50nmol scale from Qiagen (w/o HPLC purification) and resuspend at 80 $\mu$ M in sterile dH<sub>2</sub>O
- 2) Use 100 $\mu$ L of oligo solution and add 12 $\mu$ L 3M NaOAc (pH 7.5)
- 3) Add 120 $\mu$ L phenol::CHCl<sub>3</sub>
- 4) Vortex for 30 seconds and spin at 14000 rpm/3 minutes
- 5) Transfer aqueous to new tube and add 360 $\mu$ L EtOH
- 6) Mix and place at -80°C/10 minutes
- 7) Spin for 5 minutes and wash in 70% EtOH
- 8) Spin for 5 minutes and decant supernatant
- 9) Vacuum dry pellet and resuspend in 100 $\mu$ L dH<sub>2</sub>O

**PCR of GFP-Kan fusion** (best done with EcoRI gel purified GFP-Kan fragment)

10x Taq Buffer	5
50mM MgCl <sub>2</sub>	3.75
10mM dNTP's	1.25
oligo 1:(80 $\mu$ M)	1.5
oligo 2: (80 $\mu$ M)	1.5
GFP-Kan gel pure (1:10)	0.5
dH <sub>2</sub> O	35.5
Taq	<u>1</u>
	50

30 cycles at 60°C annealing and 1.5 minute extension

Purify using Qiagen purification kit but elute with 2x 50 $\mu$ L

Add 12 $\mu$ L 3M NaOAc and 360 $\mu$ L EtOH and place at -80°C/10 min.  
Spin at max. speed for 10 minutes at 4°C  
Decant and add 600 $\mu$ L 70% EtOH and spin for 5 minutes  
Decant and resuspend in 5 $\mu$ L dH<sub>2</sub>O (~0.5  $\mu$ g/ $\mu$ L)

### **Transformation of BAC line with pBAD $\alpha\beta\gamma$ vector**

- 1) grow 1mL culture O/N from single colony
- 2) dilute 1:100 (0.7mL into 70mL)
- 3) grow until OD<sub>600</sub> = 0.5 and spin 70mL at 5K rpm / 10 min / 4°C  
(do all subsequent steps in cold room and keep cells on ice at all times!)
- 4) decant and resuspend in 6mL ice cold 10% glycerol
- 5) split between 3-2mL tubes and spin in microfuge at 7K rpm / 4 min
- 6) repeat three times resuspending in 2mL 10% glycerol each wash
- 7) remove supernatant and spin one more time at 7K rpm / 4 min
- 8) remove supernatant and resuspend remaining volume in 40 $\mu$ L 10% glycerol
- 9) each tube should contain approximately 50 $\mu$ L
- 10) immediately use cells or flash freeze in liquid N<sub>2</sub> store at -80°C
- 11) use electroporation protocol below but with 1 $\mu$ L of 1:10 dilution pBAD $\alpha\beta\gamma$  (and recover cells for only 1 hour)

### **Making of electrocompetent cells with BAC;pBAD lines** (streamlined by Bruce Draper)

- 12) grow 1mL culture O/N from single colony
- 13) dilute 1:100 (0.7mL into 70mL) (NON-glucose LB!)
- 14) grow until OD<sub>600</sub> = 0.15 and add 0.7mL 10% arabinose
- 15) incubate at 37°C for another 60 minutes and check OD<sub>600</sub> (should be 0.3-0.4)
- 16) spin 70mL at 5K rpm / 10 min / 4°C  
(do all subsequent steps in cold room and keep cells on ice at all times!)
- 17) decant and resuspend in 6mL ice cold 10% glycerol
- 18) split between 3-2mL tubes and spin in microfuge at 7K rpm / 4 min
- 19) repeat three times resuspending in 2mL 10% glycerol each wash
- 20) remove supernatant and spin one more time at 7K rpm / 4 min
- 21) remove supernatant and resuspend remaining volume in 40 $\mu$ L 10% glycerol
- 22) each tube should contain approximately 50 $\mu$ L
- 23) immediately use cells or flash freeze in liquid N<sub>2</sub> store at -80°C

### **Transformation of BAC;pBAD cells with GFP-Kan fragment for recombination**

- 1) add 4-5 $\mu$ L of GFP-Kan PCR fragment to 50 $\mu$ L electrocompetent cells
- 2) incubate on ice for 1 minute and transfer to an ice-cold, 1mm cuvette
- 3) electroporate at 600 $\Omega$ , 1350V, 10 $\mu$ F
- 4) immediately add 1mL LB and transfer to a 1.5mL tube
- 5) incubate (shaking) at 37°C for 1.5 hour
- 6) plate all cells (200 $\mu$ L per plate) on Chlor (10  $\mu$ g/mL), Kan (12.5  $\mu$ g/mL), Carb (50  $\mu$ g/mL)
- 7) incubate at 37°C O/N and check for recombinants by cfu PCR and sequencing